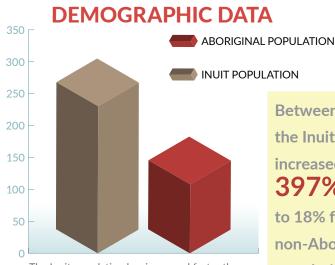
Understanding the Needs of Urban Inuit Women

Montréal CENSUS METROPOLITAN AREA



The Inuit population has increased faster than the Aboriginal population in Montréal (397% and 213% respectively)

59.7% Between 2001-2016 Average age for Inuit women (30) was

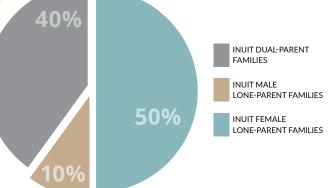
increased by 397% compared to 18% for the non-Aboriginal population





higher than for Inuit men (28.7)

outnumber Inuit





TOTAL CANADIAN POPULATION

In 2016 a total of 2,160 Inuit lived in

Montréal, representing 6.2% of the total Aboriginal population in the city.

> 30,007,094 (2001) 35,151,728 (2016)



Total Inuit population outside Inuit Nunangat

17.695 Inuit in 2016

MONTRÉAL- CENSUS METROPOLITAN AREA identified as in 2016 in 2001 1500 2000 2500

ECONOMIC DATA

LOW INCOME

22.1% of Inuit lived on low income, and the proportion was higher for women (23.6%) than men (19.4%)

INEQUALITY

Median total income for Inuit aged 15 and over was lower than the non-Aboriginal population (\$22,244 and \$33,117 respectively)

GENDER GAP

Median total income for Inuit women aged 15 and over (\$22,150) was similar to men (\$22,508), and the gender gap was slightly wider for employment median income (\$28,167 and \$30,831 respectively)

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Source: Statistics Canada. 2017. Montréal [Census metropolitan area], Quebec and Quebec [Province] (table). Census Profile. 2016 Census. Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 98-316-X2016001. Ottawa. Released October 25, 2017.